National Park Service U.S. Department of the Interior

#### Waco Mammoth



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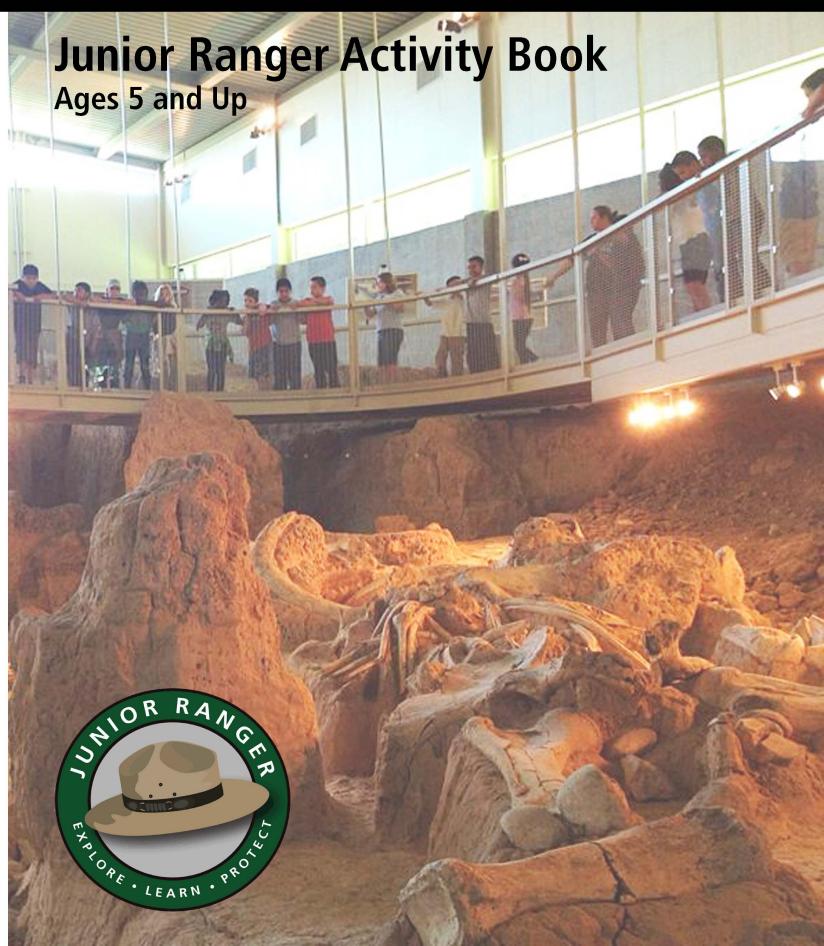
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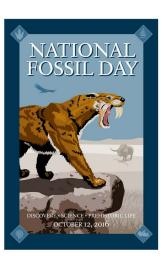
#### **Photographs and Illustrations**

Shawn Perry - deer photo, pg. 2 Raegan King - armadillo photo, pg. 2 Lee Jamison - mural artist, pg. 13 Mayborn Museum Complex - exhibit photo, back cover Dava Butler - all other photos and illustrations

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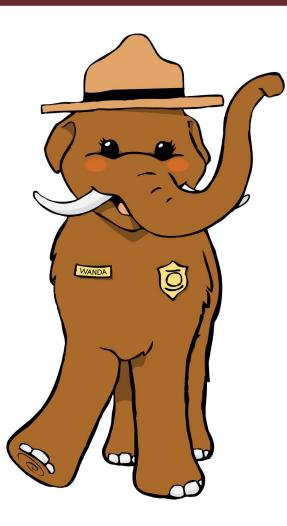
This Junior Ranger Activity Book was created in cooperation with Marie Young, Girl Scouts of Central Texas, Silver Award.

City of Waco in partnership with National Park Service 2016.

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# BE A JUNIOR RANGER



Hi! I'm Wanda!

I'm also known as Mammoth W. I'm a Columbian mammoth who lives right here at Waco Mammoth National Monument. I am here to show you around this special place. Did you know Waco Mammoth has the only nursery herd of mammoths in the United States? That's pretty cool!

Along the way, I'll tell you all about Columbian mammoths, science, and how to earn your Junior Ranger badge.

#### **EARNING YOUR BADGE**

Complete the number of activities required for your age group. When you finish, go back to the Welcome Center and share this book with a ranger. You will receive a badge, a certificate, and you'll be sworn in as a Junior Ranger!

**AGES 5-8:** Complete at least 5 activities.

**AGES 9-12:** Complete at least 7 activities.

**AGES 13 AND UP:** Complete at least 10 activities.

Need help? Ask one of our rangers who isn't doing a tour or other program.

# LEAVE NO TRACE

Let's start by talking about "leave no trace." It's important to respect what is around us. Follow these rules, and everyone will be safe and have a good time.

WORD BANK						
TRAIL	WALK	PLACE				
SOFT	TRASH	ALONE				



I. Stay on the \_\_\_\_\_.

- 2. Pick up your \_\_\_\_\_ before you leave.
- 3. Children and adults should \_\_\_\_\_\_ together.
- 4. Leave rocks, plants, and other things that belong here in their \_\_\_\_\_

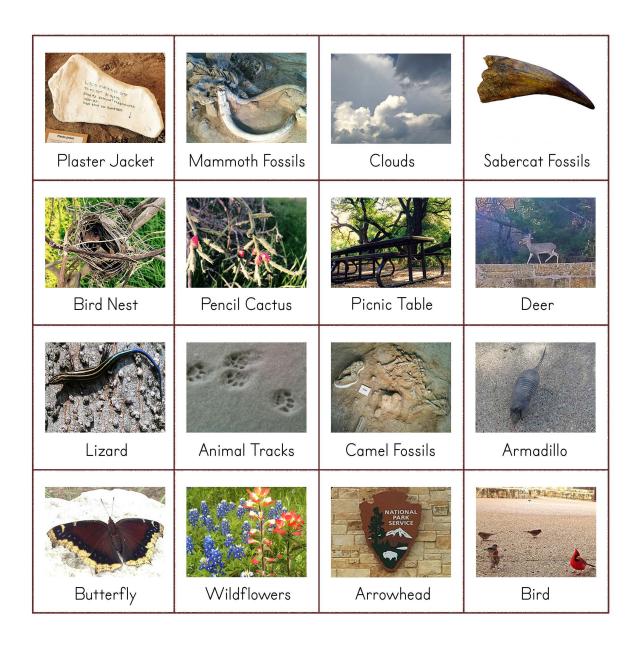
5. Respect wildlife by leaving animals \_\_\_\_\_.

6. Respect other visitors by speaking in a \_\_\_\_\_\_ voice.

# SCAVENGER HUNT BINGO

Look for these things while you explore Waco Mammoth National Monument. When you find one, draw an X over the picture. Find four in a row - across, up and down, or diagonal - to score a BINGO!

Ask for help if you need it.

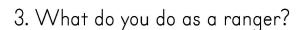


#### MEET A RANGER

Want to learn about a park? Talk to a ranger! Find a ranger who is not giving a tour or other program. Ask them these questions.

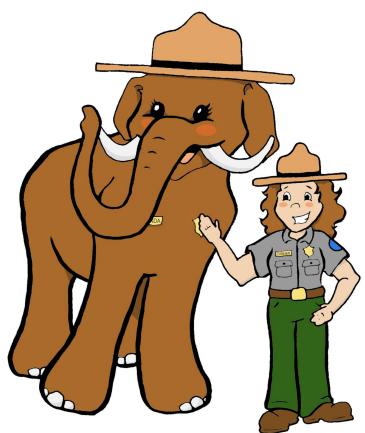
I. Ranger's Name:

2. How long have you been working at Waco Mammoth National Monument?

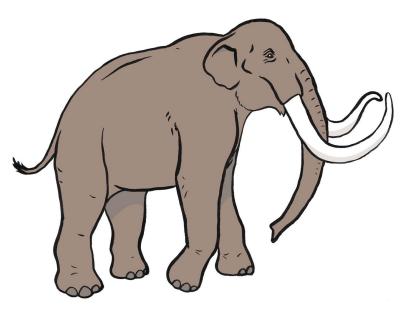


4. What is your favorite part of working here?

5. Do you have a college degree? If so, what degree did you earn?



# NOT SO WOOLLY!



Did you know not all mammoths were woolly mammoths? Waco Mammoth National Monument has a different species called Columbian mammoths! They only lived in North America.

Columbian mammoths lived during the Pleistocene Epoch (say "PLY-stuh-SEEN EP-uck"). This Ice Age started 2.5 million years ago and ended IO thousand years ago. This was long after dinosaurs went extinct.

Even though people call it the Ice Age, not all of the world was covered in ice. The lands that became Canada and the northern United States were covered in thick sheets of ice called glaciers. The lands that became the southern U.S. and Mexico were warm.

Columbian mammoths lived in warm grasslands, away from the glaciers. They were 14 feet tall, or 4.3 meters. They also weighed 10 tons, the same as a school bus! Woolly mammoths lived in steppes, which are colder plains with shrubs and very little grass. They were about 10 feet tall (3 meters) and weighed 6 tons.

I. Did dinosaurs live at the same time as mammoths?

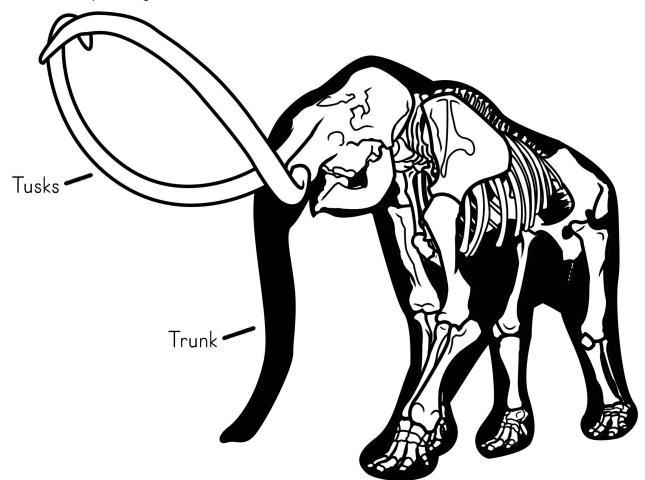
2. Were Columbian mammoths bigger or smaller than woolly mammoths?

3. What are glaciers?

### WHAT WAS THAT FOR?

Waco Mammoth National Monument is a special place because scientists found a family of mammoths here.

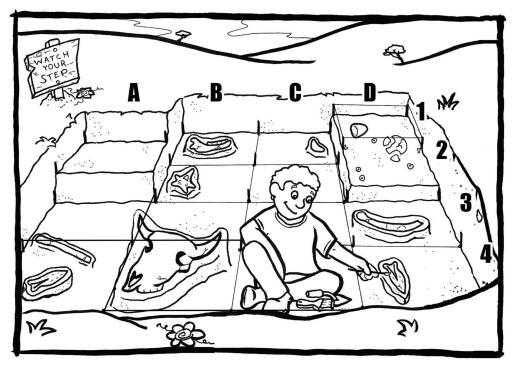
For this activity, you will be a paleontologist, a scientist who studies fossils. Study this picture. Can you figure out what mammoths were like?



I. What are two ways a mammoth could use its tusks?

- 2. What are two ways a mammoth could use its trunk?
- 3. Did mammoths eat meat or plants? How do you know?

#### WHAT IS PALEONTOLOGY?



Two types of scientists study prehistoric times. Scientists who study fossils are called paleontologists. Fossils are remains of living things that are at least IO thousand years old. Scientists who study artifacts are called archaeologists. Artifacts are objects that humans made. A dig site may have fossils or artifacts. Sometimes, a dig site can have both!

Greg is digging a site that has bison fossils and Clovis artifacts. He divided the site into a grid, so it will be easy to map. He uses trowels and brushes to uncover the specimens.

- I. Greg found a spearhead in (D,4). Another spearhead is in (\_\_\_\_,\_\_\_).
- 2. Draw a clay pot in (A,3).
- 3. A fossil bison jaw is in (B,I). Color it.
- 4. Which square is Greg sitting in?
- 5. Waco Mammoth has mammoth fossils and no artifacts. Which type of scientist would work at Waco Mammoth?

# THE FIRST AMERICANS

The first people to live in North America were the Paleo-Americans. They followed Ice Age animals that they hunted, such o mammoths, into North America. These hunters were the ancestors of today's Native Americans.

One of the Paleo-American groups were the Clovis people. Clovis people used spear points that were long and had a groove called a "flute" on each side. They threw these spears using a tool that helped them throw things farther.

If you solve this word puzzle, you will learn the name of this spear-throwing tool. Put these Ice Age animal names in ABC order in the boxes. The first one has been done for you! Read down the gray boxes to find the answer. CAMELOPS MAMMOTH GLYPTODON SMILODON GROUND SLOTH SHORT FACED BEAR

C

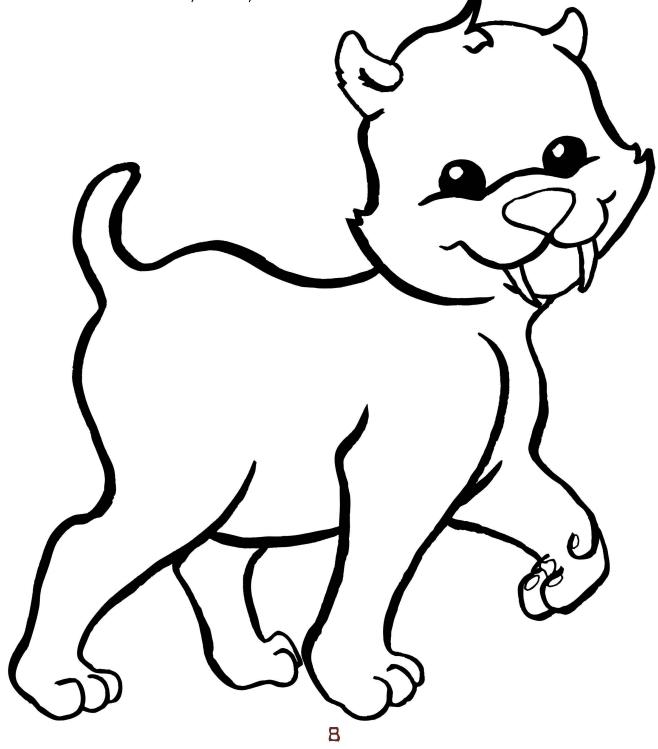
I. What is the name of the groove on a spear point?

2. What is the name of the tool used to throw a spear?

#### IMAGINE THAT, SABERCAT!

Waco Mammoth National Monument has more than just mammoths. Scientists also found a sabercat. This is Barry. Barry's not scary - he's a baby!

Scientists don't know if sabercats had spots, stripes, or no marks at all. Use your imagination and color Barry how you think he looked.



#### DIGGING UP WORDS



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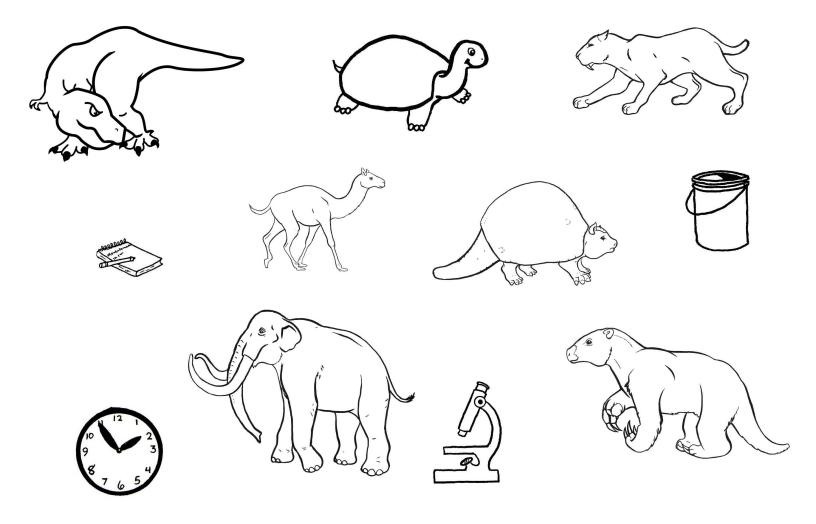
Paleontologists have to look carefully for fossils when they dig. Can you "dig up" all the fossil words on this page?

Com Co					AR EP JA	FOSSIL ARCTODUS EPOCH JACKET PICK			CAMELOPS FOSSIL MAMMOTH SHOVEL		COMPASS GENUS MASTODON SMILODON			DATUM GRAPH MEGATHERIUM SPECIES			DIG HERD MOLAR TUSK		
	S	Ρ	Е	С	Ι	Е	S	D	Ι	М	W	А	D	Ι	G	Х	Т	V	С
	R	А	Ρ	Х	Е	С	0	S	Ν	А	Ν	0	Ι	Ζ	Ι	L	S	Е	А
	Е	Μ	А	М	М	0	Т	Н	Х	0	Μ	А	Μ	0	G	Т	Н	А	М
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	L	Μ	Е	L	0	Ρ	А	Ρ	Н	Е	Μ	Е	Μ	0	L	А	R	Υ	Е

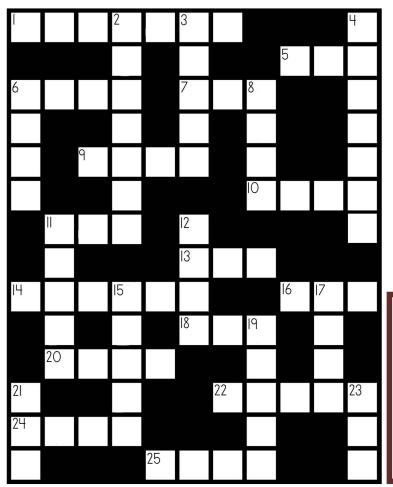
#### ICE AGE MIX-UP

The mammoths of Waco lived during the Ice Age, a time scientists call the Pleistocene Epoch (say "PLY-stuh-SEEN EP-uck"). This period started 2.5 million years ago, long after the dinosaurs died. The Ice Age ended just 10 thousand years ago. Most of the species that live today also lived during the Pleistocene Epoch.

Look at the pictures below. Can you see the five things that do not belong in the Ice Age? Draw an X on anything that does not belong.



#### A PALEO PUZZLE





#### **WORD BANK** (Careful - there are extra words in this list!)

BONES	CATS	GRASS	MUSEUMS	SITE
BRUSH	DENS	HERD	NUMBER	SOIL
BUS	DIG	HUNT	OLD	TEETH
CALF	EAR	LAB	OSL	TONS
CAMEL	EAT	LENS	PUSH	TUSKS
CAST	FOSSILS	MAMMOTH	SHELTER	ZOO

#### ACROSS

- I. A large, extinct elephant
- 5. A place to see living elephants
- 6. Saber-tooth \_\_\_\_\_ were not tigers
- 7. A ground sloth would \_\_\_\_\_ leaves
- 9. Mammoths could use their tusks to \_\_\_\_\_ down trees
- 10. Another word for dirt
- II. A Columbian mammoth weighed the same as a school \_\_\_\_\_
- 13. Scientists think the Columbian mammoth had a smaller \_\_\_\_\_ than African elephants
- I4. Each fossil a scientist digs up gets its own \_\_\_\_\_

- 16. The initials for Optically Stimulated Luminescence
- 18. "Excavate" means to carefully \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 20. Predators \_\_\_\_\_ for other animals
- 22. This animal followed the mammoths
- 24. A tool used to see things up close
- 25. Predators sometimes hide their babies inside \_\_\_\_\_

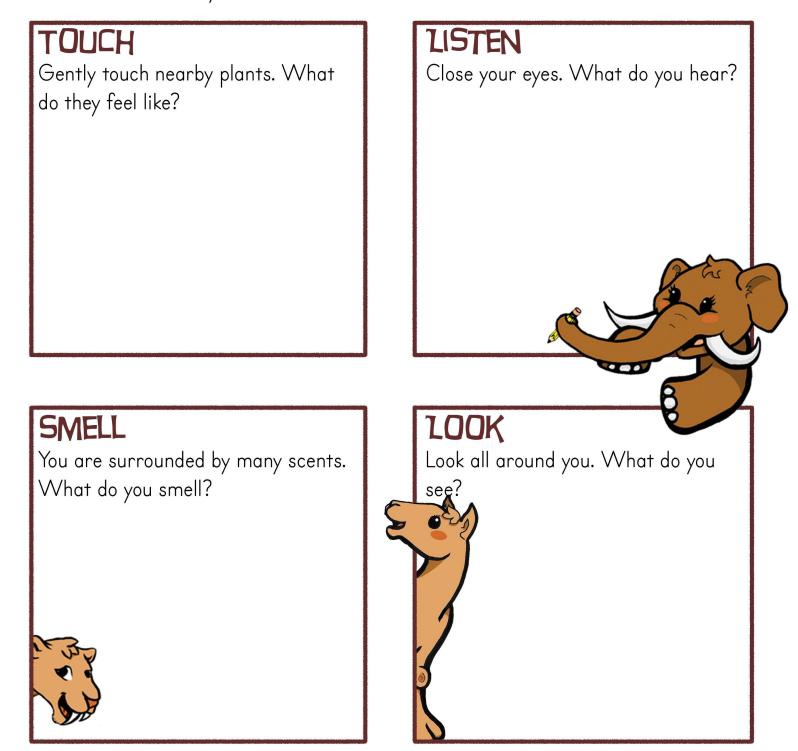
#### DOWN

2. Places to see fossils

- 3. Scientists learn a mammoth's age by the size of its \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Remains of ancient life
- 6. Scientists cover fossils with a jacket, or plaster \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. The Columbian mammoth weighed 9 or 10 \_\_\_\_\_
- II. A tool used to sweep dirt
- 12. A large group of mammoths
- 15. The parts of animals most likely to become fossils
- I7. A place where many fossils are being excavated
- 19. Mammoths ate \_\_\_\_\_
- 21. Mammoth Q was about 40years-\_\_\_\_
- 23. A place to study fossils

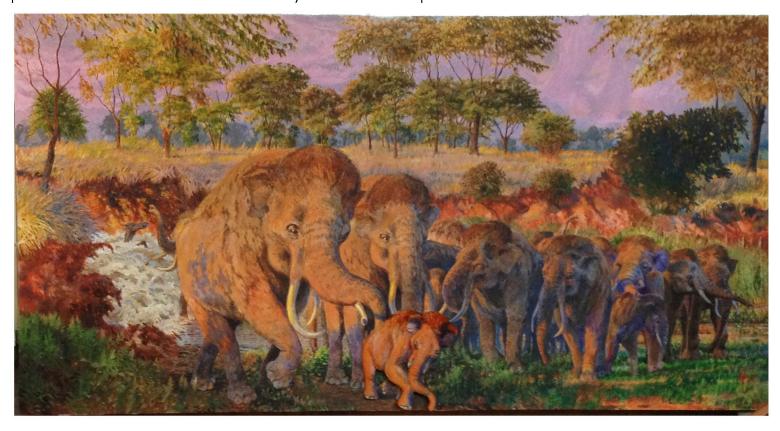
# WHAT DO YOU SENSE?

Go walk one of the trails! The best way to learn about the world around you is to get out and explore. Remember to leave no trace. Once you find a happy spot, sit still for five minutes. What do you notice?



### TELLING THE STORY

Paleontologists are detectives looking for clues in the fossils. When there are enough clues, they can put together a story about what happened long ago. Scientists at Waco Mammoth found a lot of clues about what happened at this place. An artist painted this mural to tell the story. Look at this picture like a scientist would.



- I. Circle the camel.
- 2. Circle one of the baby mammoths.
- 3. Scientists are not sure what color Columbian mammoths were. Do you agree with the color the artist chose? Why or why not?
- 4. Describe what is happening in this picture.

#### SHARE WHAT YOU KNOW!

What did you <b>explore</b> ?	What did you <b>learn</b> ?	What did you <b>protect</b> ?



#### This is to certify that



# is granted the title of JUNIOR RANGER

on this, the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_. PLEDGE:

I promise to learn about the national parks and monuments, to preserve and protect our history, to leave no trace, to share what I learned, and to leave it better than I found it.

Park Ranger Signature

**Junior Ranger Signature**