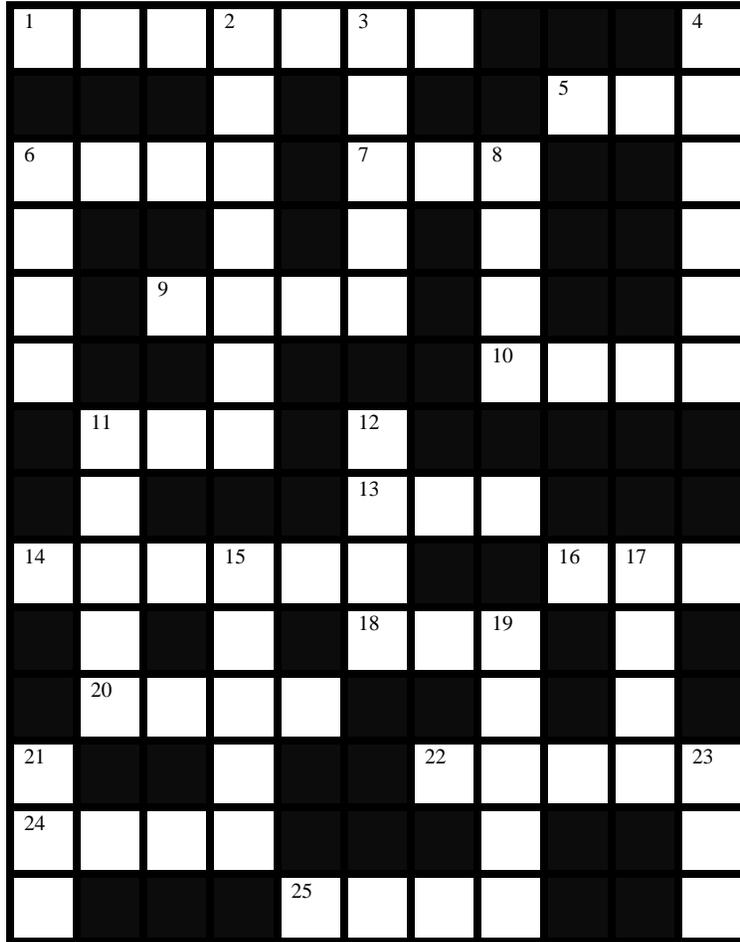


Name: _____

Date: _____



WACO MAMMOTH SITE

ACROSS

- 1. Large, extinct elephant
- 5. A place to see living elephants
- 6. Saber-tooth _____ were not tigers
- 7. A ground sloth would _____ leaves
- 9. A mammoth used its tusks to _____ down trees

- 10. Another word for dirt
- 11. A Columbian mammoth weighed the same as a school _____
- 13. Scientists think the Columbian mammoth had a smaller _____ than African elephants
- 14. Each fossil a scientist digs up gets its own _____
- 16. The initials for Optically Stimulated Luminescence
- 18. "Excavate" means to carefully _____
- 20. Predators _____ for other animals
- 22. This animal followed the mammoths
- 24. A tool used to see things up close
- 25. Predators sometimes hide their babies inside _____

DOWN

- 2. A place to see fossils
- 3. A scientist can tell a mammoth's age by the size of its _____
- 4. Remains of a plant or animal that lived a long time ago
- 6. Fossils are covered by a plaster _____ before they are moved
- 8. The Columbian mammoth weighed 9 or 10 _____
- 11. A tool used to sweep dirt off fossils
- 12. A large group of mammoths

- 15. The parts of animals most likely to become fossils
- 17. A place where lots of fossils are being excavated
- 19. A Columbian mammoth would eat 300-700 pounds of _____
- 21. Mammoth Q was about 40-years-_____
- 23. A place where scientists take bones to study them

